UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY

ALEXIS PICCIOTTO, on behalf of herself
and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

-against-

MERCANTILE ADJUSTMENT BUREAU, LLC., LVNV FUNDING, LLC and JOHN DOES 1-25,

Defendants.

Civil Case Number: _____

CIVIL ACTION

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff ALEXIS PICCIOTTO (hereinafter, "Plaintiff"), a New Jersey resident, brings this class action complaint by and through her attorneys, Marcus Zelman, LLC, against Defendant MERCANTILE ADJUSTMENT BUREAU and LVNV FUNDING, LLC(hereinafter "Defendant"), individually and on behalf of a class of all others similarly situated, pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, based upon information and belief of Plaintiff's counsel, except for allegations specifically pertaining to Plaintiff, which are based upon Plaintiff's personal knowledge.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. The Court has jurisdiction over this class action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq.* and 28 U.S.C. § 2201. If applicable, the Court also has pendent jurisdiction over the state law claims in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).
- 2. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2).

NATURE OF THE ACTION

3. Plaintiff brings this class action on behalf of a class of New Jersey consumers seeking

- redress for Defendant's actions of using an unfair and unconscionable means to collect a debt.
- 4. Defendant's actions violated § 1692 et seq. of Title 15 of the United States Code, commonly referred to as the Fair Debt Collections Practices Act ("FDCPA") which prohibits debt collectors from engaging in abusive, deceptive and unfair practices.
- 5. Plaintiff is seeking damages, and declaratory and injunctive relief.

PARTIES

- 6. Plaintiff is a natural person and a resident of the State of New Jersey, and is a "Consumer" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692(a)(3).
- 7. Defendant is a collection agency with its principal office located at 165 Lawrence Bell Drive, Suite 100, Williamsville, New York 14221-7900.
- 8. Upon information and belief, Defendant is a company that uses the mail, telephone, and facsimile and regularly engages in business the principal purpose of which is to attempt to collect debts alleged to be due another.
- 9. Defendant is a "debt collector," as defined under the FDCPA under 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).
- 10. Defendant, LVNV Funding, LLC ("LVNV"), is a limited liability company with an office at 625 Pilot Rd Ste 3, Las Vegas, NV 89119-4485.
- 11. Upon information and belief, LVNV is a purchaser of performing and non-performing consumer credit debts, which are in default at the time the debts are acquired.
- 12. Upon information and belief, LVNV is a company that uses the mail, telephone, and facsimile and regularly engages in business the principal purpose of which is to attempt to collect debts alleged to be due another.

- 13. In connection with its debt servicing operations, LVNV routinely hires other debt collectors, such as Mercantile Adjustment Bureau, LLC, to send dunning letters to consumers in an effort to collect money on defaulted consumer debts that LVNV acquires.
- 14. John Does 1-25, are fictitious names of individuals and businesses alleged for the purpose of substituting names of Defendants whose identities will be disclosed in discovery and should be made parties to this action.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 15. Plaintiff brings claims, pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (hereinafter "FRCP") Rule 23, individually and on behalf of the following nationwide consumer class (the "Class"):
 - All New Jersey consumers who were sent collection letters and/or notice from
 Defendant attempting to collect an obligation owed to or allegedly owed to
 HSBC BANK NEVADA, N.A. that contain at least one of the alleged violations
 arising from Defendant's violation of 15 U.S.C. §1692 et seq..
 - The Class period begins one year to the filing of this Action.
- 13. The Class satisfies all the requirements of Rule 23 of the FRCP for maintaining a class action:
 - Upon information and belief, the Class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable because there are hundreds and/or thousands of persons who have received debt collection letters and/or notices from the Defendant that violate specific provisions of the FDCPA. Plaintiff is complaining of a standard form letter and/or notice that is sent to hundreds of

- persons (*See* Exhibit A, except that the undersigned attorney has, in accordance with Fed. R. Civ. P. 5.2 partially redacted the financial account numbers in an effort to protect Plaintiff's privacy);
- There are questions of law and fact which are common to the Class and which predominate over questions affecting any individual Class member. These common questions of law and fact include, without limitation:
 - a. Whether Defendant violated various provisions of the FDCPA;
 - b. Whether Plaintiff and the Class have been injured by Defendant's conduct;
 - c. Whether Plaintiff and the Class have sustained damages and are entitled to restitution as a result of Defendant's wrongdoing and if so, what is the proper measure and appropriate statutory formula to be applied in determining such damages and restitution; and
 - d. Whether Plaintiff and the Class are entitled to declaratory and/or injunctive relief.
- Plaintiff's claims are typical of the Class, which all arise from the same operative facts and are based on the same legal theories.
- Plaintiff has no interest adverse or antagonistic to the interest of the other members of the Class.
- Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interest of the Class and has retained experienced and competent attorneys to represent the Class.

- A Class Action is superior to other methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the claims herein asserted. Plaintiff anticipates that no unusual difficulties are likely to be encountered in the management of this class action.
- A Class Action will permit large numbers of similarly situated persons to prosecute their common claims in a single forum simultaneously and without the duplication of effort and expense that numerous individual actions would engender. Class treatment will also permit the adjudication of relatively small claims by many Class members who could not otherwise afford to seek legal redress for the wrongs complained of herein. Absent a Class Action, class members will continue to suffer losses of statutory protected rights as well as monetary damages. If Defendant's conduct is allowed proceed to without remedy they will continue to reap and retain the proceeds of their ill-gotten gains.
- Defendant has acted on grounds generally applicable to the entire Class,
 thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief or corresponding
 declaratory relief with respect to the Class as a whole.

ALLEGATIONS OF FACT

- 14. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "13" herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 15. Some time prior to March 7, 2016, an obligation was allegedly incurred to HSBC Bank Nevada, N.A. ("HSBC")
- 16. The HSBC obligation arose out of a transaction in which money, property, insurance or

- services, which are the subject of the transaction, are primarily for personal, family or household purposes.
- 17. The alleged HSBC obligation is a "debt" as defined by 15 U.S.C.\(\) 1692a(5).
- 18. HSBC is a "creditor" as defined by 15 U.S.C.§ 1692a(4).
- 19. Defendant contends that the HSBC debt is past due.
- 20. Defendant collects and attempts to collect debts incurred or alleged to have been incurred for personal, family or household purposes on behalf of creditors using the United States Postal Services, telephone and Internet.
- 21. On or about March 7, 2016, the Defendant caused to be delivered to the Plaintiff a collection letter in an attempt to collect the alleged HSBC debt. *See* Exhibit A
- 22. The March 7, 2016 letter was sent or caused to be sent by persons employed by Defendant as a "debt collector" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692a(6).
- 23. The March 7, 2016 letter is a "communication" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692a(2).
- 24. The March 7, 2016 letter stated in part;
 - "The account balance may periodically increase due to the addition of accrued interest or other charges as provided in your agreement with the original creditor or as otherwise provided by law."
- 25. Upon information and belief, no interest or other charges can legally be added to the balance already shown on the balance due.
- 26. The language regarding the possibility of adding interest, fees, and other charges on an account where no such charges are legally allowed to be added, is confusing, misleading and deceptive to the least sophisticated consumer.
- 27. Defendant's actions as described herein are part of a pattern and practice used to collect

consumer debts.

- 28. Defendant could have taken the steps necessary to bring its actions within compliance with the FDCPA, but neglected to do so and failed to adequately review its actions to ensure compliance with the law.
- 29. On information and belief, Defendant sent a written communication, in the form annexed hereto as **Exhibit A** to at least 50 natural persons in the State of New Jersey within one year of the date of this Complaint.

COUNT I

VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT 15 U.S.C. §1692e et seq.

- 30. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 31. Defendant's debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards the Plaintiff violated various provisions of the FDCPA, including but not limited to 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.
- 32. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692e, a debt collector is prohibited from using false, deceptive, or misleading representation in connection with the collection of a debt.
- 33. The Defendant violated 1692e by falsely suggesting that immediate payment of their balance would benefit them financially by stating that the amount *may* periodically change due to interest or other charges that *may* be added after the date of the letter. As the amount Defendant seeks to collect *never* varies from the date of issuance, and Defendant *never* makes an adjustment after it receives payment in the amount of the initial letter, the statement in its letter is false, deceptive and misleading.

34. By reason thereof, Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for judgment that Defendant's conduct violated Section 1692e *et seq*. of the FDCPA, actual damages, statutory damages, costs and attorneys' fees.

COUNT II

VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT 15 U.S.C. §1692g et seq.

- 35. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 36. Pursuant to 15 USC §1692g, a debt collector:
 - (a) Within five days after the initial communication with a consumer in connection with the collection of any debt, a debt collector shall, unless the following information is contained in the initial communication or the consumer has paid the debt, send the consumer a written notice containing
 - (1) The amount of the debt;
 - (2) The name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed;
 - (3) A statement that unless the consumer, within thirty days after receipt of the notice, disputes the validity of the debt, or any portion thereof, the debt will be assumed to be valid by the debt-collector;
 - (4) A statement that the consumer notifies the debt collector in writing within thirty-day period that the debt, or any portion thereof, is disputed, the debt collector will obtain verification of the debt or a copy of a judgment against the consumer and a copy of such verification or judgment will be mailed to the consumer by the debt collector; and
 - (5) A statement that, upon the consumer's written request within the thirty-day period, the debt collector will provide the consumer with the name and address of the original creditor, if different from the current creditor.
- 37. The Defendant further violated 1692g by failing to accurately state the balance of the debt by stating that the outstanding balance may increase. Therefore, leaving the least sophisticated consumer to reasonably conclude that she must pay the balance stated in the letter immediately or possibly owe a larger amount, causing the consumer to be uncertain

of the amount owed.

38. By reason thereof, Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for judgment that Defendant's conduct violated Section 1692g *et seq*. of the FDCPA, actual damages, statutory damages, costs and attorneys' fees.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants as follows:

- (a) Declaring that this action is properly maintainable as a Class Action and certifying Plaintiff as Class representative, and Ari Marcus, Esq., as Class Counsel;
 - (b) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class statutory damages;
 - (c) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class actual damages;
- (d) Awarding Plaintiff costs of this Action, including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses;
 - (e) Awarding pre-judgment interest and post-judgment interest; and
- (f) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: May 03, 2016

/s/ Ari Marcus

Ari Marcus, Esq.
MARCUS ZELMAN, LLC
1500 Allaire Avenue, Suite 101
Ocean, New Jersey 07712
(732) 695-3282 telephone
(732) 298-6256 facsimile
Attorneys for Plaintiff

/s/ Yitzchak Zelman

Yitzchak Zelman, Esq. MARCUS ZELMAN, LLC 1500 Allaire Avenue, Suite 101 Ocean, New Jersey 07712 (732) 695-3282 telephone (732) 298-6256 facsimile Attorneys for Plaintiff

DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff hereby requests a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

May 03, 2016 /s/ Ari Marcus
Ari Marcus, Esq.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO LOCAL RULE 11.2

I, Ari H. Marcus, the undersigned attorney of record for Plaintiff, do hereby certify to my own knowledge and based upon information available to me at my office, the matter in controversy is not the subject of any other action now pending in any court or in any arbitration or administrative proceeding.

Dated: May 03, 2016

/s/ Ari Marcus

Ari Marcus, Esq.